



# Quick Note 012

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Using 2 APNs simultaneously  
(Applies to Siemens/Cinterion modules only)

**UK Support**

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# 1 VERSION

Version Number	Status
1.0	Published
2.1	Rebranded and updated

## 1.1 Corrections

Requests for corrections or amendments to this application note are welcome and should be addressed to: [Tech.Support@digicom.com](mailto:Tech.Support@digicom.com)

Requests for new application notes can be sent to the same address.

## 2 SCENARIO & PREREQUISITES

The ability to connect to two APNs **simultaneously** is only available in wireless routers with Siemens/Cinterion W-WAN modules.

To check which W-WAN module is installed, browse to

**Management - Network Status > Interfaces > Mobile**

The W-WAN manufacturer will be shown in the output:

The screenshot displays the 'Management - Network Status > Interfaces > Mobile' page. It is divided into three sections: 'Mobile Connection', 'Mobile Statistics', and 'Mobile information'. The 'Mobile Connection' section shows 'Registration Status: Registered, home network' and 'Signal Strength: (-105 dBm)'. The 'Mobile Statistics' section lists 'IP Address: 10.141.96.185', 'Primary DNS Address: 88.82.13.28', 'Secondary DNS Address: 88.82.13.28', 'Data Received: 181 bytes', and 'Data Sent: 225 bytes'. The 'Mobile information' section shows 'Results of Last Module Status Poll at 6 Jan 2012 12:58:17' and 'Outcome: Got modem status OK'. It lists various status and identification details: 'SIM status: READY', 'Signal strength: -105 dBm', 'Manufacturer: Cinterion' (highlighted with a red box), 'IMEI: 353227021424801', 'IMSI: 234159087893245', 'ICCID: 89441000300678785654', 'Firmware: Cinterion MC75i REVISION 01.100' (with 'Cinterion' highlighted in red), 'GPRS Attachment Status: Attached', 'GPRS Registration: Registered, home network', 'GSM Registration: Registered, home network lac:22 ci:76E', 'Network: 0,0,"vodafone UK"', and 'Connection Status: 241,9,0'. At the bottom, there are three buttons: 'Refresh', 'Scan for networks', and 'Unlock networks'.

**Management - Network Status > Interfaces > Mobile**

**Mobile Connection**

Registration Status: Registered, home network  
Signal Strength: (-105 dBm)

**Mobile Statistics**

IP Address: 10.141.96.185  
Primary DNS Address: 88.82.13.28  
Secondary DNS Address: 88.82.13.28  
Data Received: 181 bytes  
Data Sent: 225 bytes

**Mobile information**

Results of Last Module Status Poll at 6 Jan 2012 12:58:17  
Outcome: Got modem status OK

SIM status: READY  
Signal strength: -105 dBm  
**Manufacturer: Cinterion**  
IMEI: 353227021424801  
IMSI: 234159087893245  
ICCID: 89441000300678785654  
Firmware: **Cinterion** MC75i REVISION 01.100  
GPRS Attachment Status: Attached  
GPRS Registration: Registered, home network  
GSM Registration: Registered, home network lac:22 ci:76E  
Network: 0,0,"vodafone UK"  
Connection Status: 241,9,0

Refresh    Scan for networks    Unlock networks

Configuring 2 APNs allows a connection to both the public APN of a mobile operator for internet access and a company owned private APN, keeping the traffic separate. In this example both APNs will be Vodafone's public UK APN. The router used for this quick note is a Digi TransPort DR64-EXA1-DE2-XX(MkII) with PPP instances 3 & 4 used for the 2 APNs.

## 3 CONFIGURATION

### 3.1 Configure the cell monitor

This step can be skipped on the DR64-EXA1-DE2-XX(MkII) go to the next step.

On older models, Cell monitoring needs to be disabled.

This is done via the command line (CLI). The command is

```
“cellmon 0 asy_add 255”.
```

If an error is seen when issuing this command it confirms that the router’s platform does not support this command.

```
cellmon 0 asy_add 255
OK
```

### 3.2 Configure the APNs

Configure the 1<sup>st</sup> APN using the browser interface. The APN shown here is Vodafone’s public APN, replace this with the APN that the SIM will use.

#### Configuration - Network > Interfaces > Mobile

Configuration - Network > Interfaces > Mobile

▼ Mobile Settings

Select the service plan and connection settings used in connecting to the mobile network.

Mobile Service Provider Settings

Service Plan / APN:

Use backup APN  Retry the main APN after  minutes

SIM PIN:  (Optional)

Confirm SIM PIN:

Click Apply

Alternatively configure the 1st APN via the command line issue this command:

```
modemcc 0 apn internet
```

The 2<sup>nd</sup> APN and extra modemcc parameters need to be entered via the command line.

Set the mux channel for modemcc instance 1. (This must be mux0 as mux channels 1 and 2 will be in use by modemcc instance 0). This is done in the following steps.

```
modemcc 1 asy_add mux0
```

Enable GPRS on this modemcc instance. Enter the command

```
modemcc 1 gprs ON
```

Set the 2<sup>nd</sup> APN. The command syntax is

```
modemcc 1 apn <2nd-APN>
```

Configure W-WAN link failure detection so that the W-WAN module is power cycled after 10 failed connection attempts. The command for this is “modemcc 1 link\_retries 10

```
modemcc 1 link_retries 10
```

Here is the result of the above commands

```
modemcc 1 asy_add "mux0"  
OK  
modemcc 1 gprs ON  
OK  
modemcc 1 apn "internet"  
OK  
modemcc 1 link_retries 10  
OK
```

## 3.3 Configure the PPP links

### 3.3.1 Configure PPP 3

PPP 3 will be configured for the 1<sup>st</sup> APN. This should need minimal configuration as PPP 3 is the default GPRS connection on the DR64MKII. If you are configuring another router where PPP 1 is the W-WAN connection (e.g. ER4110, MR4110) this part of the configuration will apply to PPP 1.

**Configuration - Network > Interfaces > Advanced > PPP 0 - 9 > PPP 3**

▼ PPP 3

Load answering defaults

Load dialling defaults

Description:

This PPP interface will use

Dial out using numbers:

Prefix:  to the dial out number

Username:

Password:

Confirm password:

- Allow the remote device to assign a local IP address to this router
  - Try to negotiate to use  as the local IP address for this router
  - Use  as the local IP address for this router (i.e. not negotiable)
- Use mask  for this interface

Change the parameter “Use W-WAN/external modem” to “W-WAN Channel 1”

Set the APN username and password if required.

Then under Advanced

Configuration - Network > Interfaces > Advanced > PPP 0 - 9 > PPP 3 > Advanced

► Mobile

▼ Advanced

Metric:

Allow this PPP interface to settle for  x 100 milliseconds after the connection has come up

Enable "Always On" mode of this interface

- On  On and return to service immediately

Put this interface "Out of Service" when an always-on connection attempt fails

Attempt to re-connect after  seconds

If a PPP interface that would be inhibited by this PPP is connected, attempt to re-connect after  seconds

Wait  seconds after power-up before activating this interface

Enable “Always on mode”

Click Apply

### 3.3.2 Configure PPP 4

The 2<sup>nd</sup> APN will require a separate PPP instance to connect with. Pick an unused PPP instance. On this router PPP 4 was used as it was free, on the ER4110 or MR4110 this could be PPP 2.

**Configuration - Network > Interfaces > Advanced > PPP 0 - 9 > PPP 4**

Configuration - Network > Interfaces > Advanced > PPP 0 - 9 > PPP 4

▼ PPP 4

Load answering defaults Load dialling defaults

Description:

This PPP interface will use W-WAN Channel 2

Dial out using numbers: \*98\*1#

Prefix:  to the dial out number

Username: ENTER WWAN Username

Password:

Confirm password:

Allow the remote device to assign a local IP address to this router

Try to negotiate to use 0.0.0.0 as the local IP address for this router

Use 0.0.0.0 as the local IP address for this router (i.e. not negotiable)

Use mask 255.255.255.255 for this interface

Use the following DNS servers if not negotiated

Primary DNS server:

Secondary DNS server:

DNS Port: 53

Click on “Load dialling defaults”.

Add in the dial out number so it is the same as the other W-WAN PPP interface. E.g. \*98\*1#

Change the parameter “Use W-WAN/external modem” to “W-WAN Channel 2”

Set the APN username and password if required.

Ensure the “Always on mode” is set to “ON”.

Change the “Inactivity timeout (s)” to “0”.

Set the “Local IP address” to 0.0.0.0 as this will be assigned by the mobile operator. Ensure the “NAT mode” is set to “NAT”.

Then under Advanced

**Configuration - Network > Interfaces > Advanced > PPP 0 - 9 > PPP 4 > Advanced**



▼ **Advanced**

Metric:

Allow this PPP interface to settle for  x 100 milliseconds after the connection has come up

**Enable "Always On" mode of this interface**

On  On and return to service immediately

Put this interface "Out of Service" when an always-on connection attempt fails

Attempt to re-connect after  seconds

If a PPP interface that would be inhibited by this PPP is connected, attempt to re-connect after  seconds

Wait  seconds after power-up before activating this interface

Enable "Always on mode"

Click Apply

### 3.4 Configure Routing

There is no default route setup to use the second W-WAN interface used in this quick note. So that test traffic can be sent out of the second interface, a quaternary default route (default route 3) will be setup for this interface so that it can be used for backup and a static route for a remote network that is reachable on this link.

#### Configuration - Network > IP Routing/Forwarding > Static Routes > Default Route 3

Configuration - Network > IP Routing/Forwarding > Static Routes > Default Route 3

▼ **Default Route 3**

Description:

Default route via

Gateway:

Interface:

Metric:

▼ **Advanced**

Use metric  when the interface is down

Click Apply

Next, Configure a static route for a remote network on second WAN connection.

Browse to:

**Configuration - Network > IP Routing/Forwarding > Static Routes > Routes 0 - 9 > Route 0**

**Configuration - Network > IP Routing/Forwarding > Static Routes > Routes 0 - 9 > Route 0**

▼ **Route 0**

Description:

Destination Network:  Mask:

via

Gateway:

Interface:

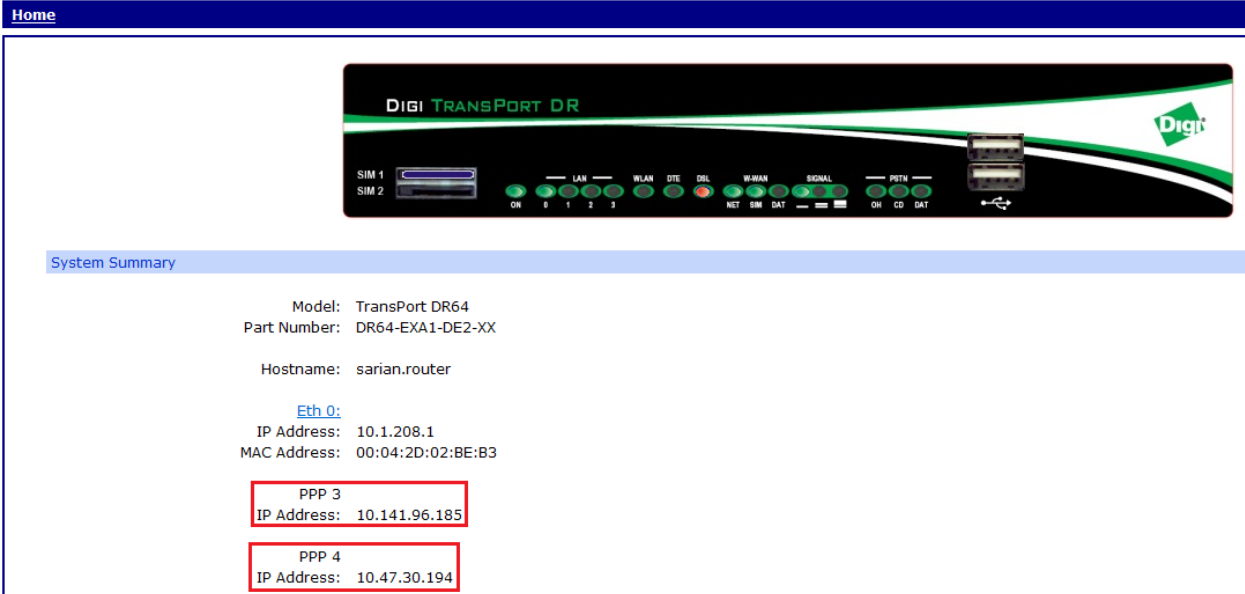
Metric:

Click Apply

## 4 TESTING

### 4.1 Check the status of the PPP links.

From the home page



The screenshot shows the web interface of a Digi TransPort DR64 router. At the top, there is a navigation bar with a "Home" link. Below the navigation bar is a banner image of the router with the "Digi TRANSPORT DR" logo and the Digi logo. The main content area is titled "System Summary" and displays the following information:

- Model: TransPort DR64
- Part Number: DR64-EXA1-DE2-XX
- Hostname: sarian.router
- [Eth 0:](#)
  - IP Address: 10.1.208.1
  - MAC Address: 00:04:2D:02:BE:B3
- PPP 3
  - IP Address: 10.141.96.185
- PPP 4
  - IP Address: 10.47.30.194

Notice that that PPP3 and PPP 4 are up and have both been assigned an IP address

The same information can be seen with more detail for each of the PPP interfaces using the PPP status.

**Management - Network Status > Interfaces > Advanced > PPP > PPP 0 - 9 > PPP 3**

▼ PPP 3

**Uptime:** 0 Hrs 18 Mins 54 Seconds

Option	Local	Remote
MRU:	1500	1500
ACCM:	0x0	0x0
VJ Compression:	OFF	OFF

Link Active With Entity: ASY 20

**IP Address:** 10.141.96.185

DNS Server IP Address: 88.82.13.28

Secondary DNS Server IP Address: 88.82.13.28

Outgoing Call To: \*98\*1#

Management - Network Status > Interfaces > Advanced > PPP > PPP 0 - 9 > PPP 4

▼ PPP 4

**Uptime:** 0 Hrs 0 Mins 22 Seconds

Option	Local	Remote
MRU:	1500	1500
ACCM:	0x0	0x0
VJ Compression:	OFF	OFF

Link Active With Entity: ASY 19

**IP Address:** 10.47.30.194

DNS Server IP Address: 88.82.13.28

Secondary DNS Server IP Address: 88.82.13.28

Outgoing Call To: \*98\*1#

The above information can also be found by using the CLI commands:

```

ppp 3 status
  Local MRU: 1500
  Remote MRU: 1500
  Local ACCM: 0x0
  Remote ACCM: 0x0
  Local VJ Comp: OFF
  Remote VJ Comp: OFF
  Link Active With: ASY 20
  IP Address: 10.94.194.86
DNS Server Address: 88.82.13.12
Secondary DNS Server Address: 88.82.13.12
  Outgoing Call To: *98*1#
  Uptime: 0 Hrs 1 Mins 39 Seconds
OK

```

```

ppp 4 status
  Local MRU: 1500
  Remote MRU: 1500
  Local ACCM: 0x0
  Remote ACCM: 0x0
  Local VJ Comp: OFF
  Remote VJ Comp: OFF
  Link Active With: ASY 19
  IP Address: 10.162.63.145
DNS Server Address: 88.82.13.60
Secondary DNS Server Address: 88.82.13.60
  Outgoing Call To: *98*1#
  Uptime: 0 Hrs 0 Mins 20 Seconds
OK

```

The routes added and the interface IP addresses can be seen in the output of the route print as below:

```

route print
  Destination      Gateway           Metric  Protocol  Idx Interface  Status
-----
  10.0.0.1/32      10.94.194.86     1       Remote   -   PPP 3      UP
  10.0.0.1/32      10.162.63.145    1       Remote   -   PPP 4      UP
  10.1.0.0/16      10.1.208.1       1       Local    -   ETH 0      UP
  10.94.194.86/32  10.94.194.86     1       Local    -   PPP 3      UP
  10.162.63.145/32 10.162.63.145    1       Local    -   PPP 4      UP
  192.168.63.0/24          1       Static   0   PPP 4      UP

  0.0.0.0/0        1       Static   1   PPP 3      UP
  0.0.0.0/0        2       Static   3   PPP 4      UP
  0.0.0.0/0        -       Static   0   PPP 1      OOS

```

## 5 CONFIGS

```
config c show
eth 0 IPAddr "10.1.208.1"
eth 0 mask "255.255.0.0"
lapb 0 ans OFF
lapb 0 tinact 120
lapb 1 tinact 120
lapb 3 dtemode 0
lapb 3 asyport 7
lapb 3 mux_0710 ON
lapb 4 dtemode 0
lapb 4 dlc 1
lapb 4 asyport 7
lapb 4 virt_async "mux0"
lapb 4 mux_0710 ON
lapb 5 dtemode 0
lapb 5 dlc 2
lapb 5 asyport 7
lapb 5 virt_async "mux1"
lapb 5 mux_0710 ON
lapb 6 dtemode 0
lapb 6 dlc 3
lapb 6 asyport 7
lapb 6 virt_async "mux2"
lapb 6 mux_0710 ON
route 0 IPAddr "192.168.63.0"
route 0 ll_ent "PPP"
route 0 ll_add 4
def_route 0 ll_ent "ppp"
def_route 0 ll_add 1
def_route 1 ll_ent "PPP"
def_route 1 ll_add 3
def_route 3 ll_ent "PPP"
def_route 3 ll_add 4
def_route 3 upmetric 2
def_route 3 metric 2
snmpuser 0 eCommunity "PDZxU1VZRVBbXg=="
ppp 0 timeout 300
ppp 1 lliface "AAL"
ppp 1 username "Enter ADSL Username"
ppp 1 epassword "PTJ5WU1NRFM="
ppp 1 IPAddr "0.0.0.0"
ppp 1 timeout 0
ppp 1 aodion 1
ppp 1 autoassert 1
ppp 1 immoos ON
ppp 1 echo 10
ppp 1 echodropcnt 5
ppp 3 phonenum "*98*1#"
ppp 3 username "ENTER WWAN Username"
```

```
ppp 3 epassword "KD51SVJDVg="
ppp 3 r_addr OFF
ppp 3 IPaddr "0.0.0.0"
ppp 3 l_addr ON
ppp 3 timeout 0
ppp 3 use_modem 4
ppp 3 aodion 1
ppp 3 autoassert 1
ppp 3 immoos ON
ppp 3 l_pap OFF
ppp 3 l_chap OFF
ppp 3 r_chap OFF
ppp 3 defpak 16
ppp 4 phonenum "*98*1#"
ppp 4 IPaddr "0.0.0.0"
ppp 4 IPmin "10.10.10.0"
ppp 4 timeout 60
ppp 4 use_modem 5
ppp 4 aodion 1
ppp 4 autoassert 1
ppp 4 l_acfc ON
ppp 4 l_pfc ON
modemcc 0 asy_add "mux1"
modemcc 0 info_asy_add "mux2"
modemcc 0 init_str "+CGQREQ=1"
modemcc 0 init_str1 "+CGQMIN=1"
modemcc 0 apn "internet"
modemcc 0 link_retries 10
modemcc 0 stat_retries 30
modemcc 0 sms_interval 1
modemcc 0 init_str_2 "+CGQREQ=1"
modemcc 0 init_str1_2 "+CGQMIN=1"
modemcc 0 apn_2 "Your.APN.Goes.Here"
modemcc 0 link_retries_2 10
modemcc 0 stat_retries_2 30
modemcc 0 sms_interval_2 1
modemcc 1 asy_add "mux0"
modemcc 1 gprs ON
modemcc 1 apn "internet"
modemcc 1 link_retries 10
ana 0 anon ON
ana 0 llon ON
ana 0 lapdon 0
ana 0 asyon 1
ana 0 logsize 45
cmd 0 unitid "ss%s>"
cmd 0 cmdnua "99"
cmd 0 hostname "sarian.router"
cmd 0 tremto 1200
cmd 0 web_suffix ".wb2"
user 1 name "username"
user 1 epassword "KD51SVJDVg="
user 1 access 0
user 2 access 0
```

```
user 3 access 0
user 4 access 0
user 5 access 0
user 6 access 0
user 7 access 0
user 8 access 0
user 9 access 0
user 14 epassword "Li94TkBfU1VcWg=="
local 0 transaccess 2
sslsvr 0 certfile "cert01.pem"
sslsvr 0 keyfile "privrsa.pem"
ssh 0 hostkey1 "privSSH.pem"
ssh 0 nb_listen 5
ssh 0 v1 OFF
```

```
Power Up Profile: 0
OK
```